

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/632,167	07/30/2003	James Albert Matthews	10030278-1	1888
57299	7590 02/13/2006		EXAMINER	
AVAGO TECHNOLOGIES, LTD.			YAM, STEPHEN K	
	P.O. BOX 1920 DENVER, CO 80201-1920		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DEIVIER, C	00201-1720		2878	
			DATE MAILED: 02/12/2006	,

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicant(s)			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
<b></b>	10/632,167	MATTHEWS, JAMES ALBERT			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Stephen Yam	2878			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 De</u>	<u>ecember 2005</u> .				
·—	,—				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 49	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) <u>1,4-7,10,11 and 19-23</u> is/are pending	in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) <u>1,4-7,10,11 and 19-23</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement				
o) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10) $igotimes$ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 December 2005</u> is/are: a) $igotimes$ accepted or b) $igodiu$ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	= ' '				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
,	ammer. Note the attached Office	ACTION OF TOTAL .			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign</li> <li>a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:</li> <li>1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ul>		)-(d) or (f).			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior					
application from the International Bureau	ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F  6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

### **DETAILED ACTION**

Page 2

This action is in response to Amendments and remarks filed on December 5, 2005. Claims 1, 4-7, 10, 11, and 19-23 are currently pending.

## Claim Objections

1. Claim 4 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 4 depends upon cancelled Claim 3- for examination purposes, Examiner interprets that Applicant intended Claim 4 to depend upon Claim 1 (which incorporates the subject matter of original Claim 3).

Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 4-7, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lott US Patent No. 5,892,786.

Regarding Claim 1, Lott teaches (see Fig. 5) an apparatus comprising a substrate (see Fig. 5) and a diffractive optical element (pnp HPT detector, (p) DBR above the detector) (since a Bragg grating is a diffractive element) including a plurality of stacked layers of optically

Art Unit: 2878

transmissive material upon the substrate (see Fig. 5 and Col. 6, lines 34-64), wherein at least one of the layers ("pnp HPT detector") of optically transmissive material is a sensing element ("pnp HPT detector").

Regarding Claim 4, Lott teaches (see Fig. 5) a light source (generating laser output in the AQ active region) positioned to transmit light through the plurality of stacked layers of optically transmissive material of the diffractive optical element.

Regarding Claim 5, Lott teaches a control circuit coupled to the sensing element for measuring the response of the sensing element to incident light, and for controlling the light source (see Col. 2, lines 13-19).

Regarding Claim 6, Lott teaches the light source as a laser (see Col. 2, lines 60-61).

Regarding Claim 7, Lott teaches the resistance of the sensing element responsive to incident light (since a PIN photodiode is taught for use as the detector- see Col. 8, lines 54-62, and a photodiode operates by providing variable resistance dependent on the amount of incident light).

Regarding Claim 19, Lott teaches the temperature of the sensing element is responsive to light (since all objects increase temperature to some degree when impacted by laser energy).

4. Claims 1 and 20-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Swirhun et al. US Patent No. 5,577,064.

Regarding Claim 1, Swirhun et al. teach (see Fig. 1) an apparatus comprising a substrate (10) and a diffractive optical element (35) (since a Bragg grating is a diffractive element) (see Col. 5, lines 49-52) including a plurality of stacked layers (40, 45, 50) of optically transmissive

Page 4

Art Unit: 2878

material formed on the substrate (see Col. 6, lines 1-3), wherein at least one of the layers of optically transmissive material is a sensing element that is responsive to incident light (see Col. 5, lines 53-61).

Regarding Claim 20, Swirhun et al. teach at least two layers (40, 45, 50) of optically transmissive material as sensing elements that are responsive to incident light.

Regarding Claim 21, Swirhun et al. teach at least two adjacent layers (40+45 or 45+50) of optically transmissive material as sensing elements that are responsive to incident light.

Regarding Claim 22, Swirhun et al. teach at least two non-adjacent layers (40+50) of optically transmissive material as sensing elements that are responsive to incident light.

Regarding Claim 23, Swirhun et al. teach all of the layers of optically transmissive material as sensing elements that are responsive to incident light (see Col. 5, lines 53-61).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lott in view of Morris, Jr. et al. US Patent No. 6,452,669.

Regarding Claims 10 and 11, Lott teaches the apparatus in Claim 1, according to the appropriate paragraph above. Lott does not teach a first and second contact on the sensing element for measuring the resistance of the sensing element or the optically transmissive material

Application/Control Number: 10/632,167

Page 5

Art Unit: 2878

including a semiconductor. Morris, Jr. et al. teach (see Fig. 4a) a similar device, with a first and second contact on a sensing element (20) for measuring the resistance of the sensing element (to receive the voltage and provide a flowing photocurrent through the photodiode- see Col. 3, lines 1-8) and a diffractive optical element (20, 30) and a plurality of stacked layers of optically transmissive material (see Fig. 4a) including a semiconductor (see Col. 2, lines 58-61). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a first and second contact on the sensing element for measuring the resistance of the sensing element or the optically transmissive material including a semiconductor, as taught by Morris, Jr. et al. in the apparatus of Lott, to improve the electrical transfer and operation chararacteristics of the sensing element utilize standard manufacturing materials to reduce costs.

7. Claims 20 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lott in view of Miller et al. US Patent No. 4,292,512.

Regarding Claims 20 and 22, Lott teaches the apparatus in Claim 1, according to the appropriate paragraph above. Lott does not teach at least two non-adjacent layers of optically transmissive material as sensing elements that are responsive to incident light. Miller et al. teach (see Fig. 3) a similar apparatus, with layers of optically transmissive material (see Fig. 3) with at least two non-adjacent layers (168, 170) of optically transmissive material as sensing elements that are responsive to incident light (see Col. 7, lines 45-55 and Col. 7, line 66 to Col. 8, line 8). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide layers of optically transmissive material with at least two non-adjacent layers of optically transmissive material as sensing elements that are responsive to incident light, as taught

Application/Control Number: 10/632,167 Page 6

Art Unit: 2878

by Miller et al., in the apparatus of Lott, to provide transceiver functions for the apparatus for use in an optical communications system having transmission power control.

#### Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Jiang et al. US 5,974,071 and US 5,751,757, and Lebby et al. US 5,943,357, teach similar apparatuses for monitoring light from a laser.

9. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Art Unit: 2878

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Stephen Yam whose telephone number is (571)272-2449. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Georgia Epps can be reached on (571)272-2328. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SY

SY

THANH X. LUU
PRIMARY EXAMINER